United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C.

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended 31 March 2018 (Unaudited)

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United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C. Administration and contact details as at 31 March 2018

Commercial registration no. 24377 obtained on 18 February 1991 **Board of Directors** Rashed Abdulla Al Suwaiket Al Hajri - Chairman Abdulla Fahad Al-Subaie Hamdan Abdulla Al Semreen Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Al-Suwaiket Waleed Fahad Al-Tharman Rashed Abdullla Al Suwaiket Al Hajri **Authorised persons** Qusay Khalil Yusuf Al-Khalili **Chief Executive Officer** and Secretary to the Board Qusay Khalil Yusuf Al-Khalili **Audit Committee** Rashed Abdullla Al Suwaiket Al Hajri - Chairman Waleed Fahad Al-Tharman Registered office Office 3202, Building 2504 Road 2832. Block 428 PO Box 10177 Al-Seef District Kingdom of Bahrain **Principal Bankers** Ahli United Bank Arab National Bank - Dammam Ithmar Bank **BDO Auditors** 17th Floor **Diplomat Commercial Offices Tower** PO Box 787 Manama Kingdom of Bahrain Registrar Karvy Computershare W.L.L. PO Box 514

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Review report on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements to the Board of Directors of United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2018, the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and the interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three months then ended and selected explanatory notes. The management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410-"Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim condensed consolidated financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the interim condensed consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - "Interim Financial Reporting".

Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain 13 May 2018



United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C. Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2018 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Bahrain Dinars)

		31 March	31 December
	Notes	2018	2017
ASSETS	110 000	2010	
Non-current assets	12	20 052 705	20 724 045
Property, plant and equipment	5	39,053,725	39,736,965
Investment in a associate	6	912,911	<u>886,548</u>
		39,966,636	40,623,513
Current assets			
Financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss	8	256,000	256,000
Inventories	9	14,039,191	17,357,933
	7		
Trade and other receivables		7,793,854	5,629,782
Mudaraba deposits		2,1 9 5,717	2,195,717
Cash and bank balances	10	<u>11,938,055</u>	<u>8,167,224</u>
		<u>36,222,817</u>	33,606,656
Total assets		76.189.453	74.230,169
		191	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	11	20,000,000	20,000,000
Statutory reserve	11	2,853,603	2,853,603
Share premium		116,328	116,328
Other reserves		<u>7,831,618</u>	<u>7,182,182</u>
Equity attributable to shareholders of the			
parent company		30,801,549	30,152,113
Non-controlling interest	12	7,648,788	7,443,888
Non Conducting interest	12	710101700	71-1000
		38,450,337	<u>37,596,001</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current portion of term loans	13	28,375,688	28,527,188
Employees' terminal benefits		544,493	544,668
Linployees certificat benefits			
		<u>28.920,181</u>	<u>29,071,856</u>
Current liabilities	_		
Current portion of term loans	13	2,814,984	2,929,000
Trade and other payables	14	<u>6,003,951</u>	<u>4,633,312</u>
		8,818,935	_7,562,312
- 4 4 4 4 4 A			
Total equity and liabilities		<u>76.189,453</u>	<u>74,230,169</u>

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, set out on pages 4 to 19, was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 13 May 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

Rashed Abdullla Al Suwaiket Al Hajri

Chairman

Abdulla Fahad. Al-Subaie Vice - Chairman

United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C. Interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three months ended 31 March 2018 (Unaudited)(Expressed in Bahrain Dinars)

	<u>Notes</u>	Three months Ended 31 March 2018	Three months ended 31 March 2017
Subsidiary sales		13,733,026	11,210,115
Subsidiary cost of sales		(12,081,981)	<u>(9,709,590</u>)
Subsidiary gross profit		1,651,045	1,500,525
Other income	15	39,906	89,647
		<u>1,690,951</u>	<u>1,590,172</u>
Expenses			
Indirect expenses Finance costs		(410,901) <u>(108,824</u>)	(318,085) <u>(70,536</u>)
		(519,725)	(388,621)
Net profit for the period before Zakat and share of profit from investment in an associate		1,171,226	1,201,551
Share of profit from investment in an associate	6	26,363	
Net profit for the period before tax		1,197,589	1,201,551
Provision for Zakat		(343,253)	(530,300)
Net profit and total comprehensive income the period		854,336	<u>671.251</u>
Net profit attributable to:			
Shareholders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interest	12	649,436 204,900	396,231 <u>275,020</u>
		<u>854.336</u>	<u>671.251</u>
Basic and diluted earnings per share	16	3.25 fils	<u>1.98 fils</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Shareholders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interest	12	649,436 204,900	396,231 <u>275,020</u>
		<u>854,336</u>	671,251

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, set out on pages 4 to 19, was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 13 May 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

Rashed Abdulla Al Suwaiket Al Hajri Chairman

Abdulla Fahad/ Al-Subaie Vice - Chairman

United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C.
Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity for the three months ended 31 March 2018 (Unaudited)
(Expressed in Bahrain Dinars)

		Equit	y attributabl	Equity attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company	ers of the Pare	ent Company		
				Other reserves	erves		Non-	
	Share <u>capital</u>	Statutory	Share <u>premium</u>	Revaluation reserve	Retained earnings	Total	controlling interest	Total
At 31 December 2016	20,000,000	2,853,603	116,328	4,329,043	3,045,076	30,344,050	7,493,487	37,837,537
income for the period		57	5	X4.	396,231	396,231	275,020	671,251
At 31 March 2017	20,000,000	2,853,603	116,328	4,329,043	3,441,307	30,740,281	7,768,507	38,508,788
At 31 December 2017	20,000,000	2,853,603	116,328	4,329,043	2,853,139	30,152,113	7,443,888	37,596,001
income for the period	37.	00		9	649,436	649,436	204,900	854,336
At 31 March 2018	20,000,000	2,853,603	116,328	4,329,043	3,502,575	30,801,549	7,648,788	38,450,337

United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C.
Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three months ended 31 March 2018
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in Bahrain Dinars)

	<u>Notes</u>	Three months ended 31 March 2018	Three months ended 31 March 2017
Operating activities			
Net profit for the period		854,336	671,251
Adjustments for: Depreciation	5	695,859	537,488
Share of profit from investment in an associate	6	(26,363)	337,400
Bank interest income	15	(30,816)	-
Dividend income	15	(30,010)	(80,580)
Finance costs		108,824	70,536
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Inventories		3,318,742	1,206,734
Trade and other receivables		(2,164,072)	(887,497)
Trade and other payables		1,370,639	673,811
Employees' terminal benefits, net		<u>(175</u>)	5,597
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,126,974	2,207,340
Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	5	(12,619)	(3,409)
Bank interest income received	15	30,816	5
Dividends income received		350	80,580
Net cash provided by investing activities		18,197	<u>77,171</u>
Financing activities			(=====()
Finance costs paid		(108,824)	(70,536)
Net movement in term loans		(265,516)	<u>514,363</u>
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities		(374,340)	443,827
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,770,831	2,728,338
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period		8,167,224	7,127,283
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	10	<u>11,938,055</u>	9,855,621

1 Organisation and activities

United Gulf Investment Corporation B.S.C. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries comprise "the Group." The Company is a public shareholding company registered with the Ministry of Industry and Commerce in the Kingdom of Bahrain and operates under commercial registration number 24377 obtained on 18 February 1991.

According to the terms of its Memorandum and Articles of Association, the duration of the Company is for 50 years, renewable for further similar periods unless terminated earlier by the operation of law or as provided for in the Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The principal activities of the Company include property leasing, buying and selling of properties for the Company, third grade industrial maintenance works, selling and buying of shares and securities for the Company and investment in local industrial projects.

The Company's registered office is in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

2 Structure of the Group

The structure of the Group is as follows:

Name of the subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest as at 31 March	Non-controlling interest ownership /voting interest as at 31 March
Gulf Ferro Alloys Company (SABAYEK) W.L.L.	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	75.68% (31 December 2017: 75.68%)	24.32% (31 December 2017 :24.32%)
United Gulf Trading S.P.C.	Kingdom of Bahrain	100% (31 December 2017: 100%)	(31 December 2017: -)

The total assets and net profit for the period of the subsidiaries have been extracted from the unaudited interim management accounts for the three months ended 31 March 2018.

3 Basis of preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial information has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - "Interim Financial Reporting". The interim condensed consolidated financial information should therefore be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements prepared as at, and for the year ended, 31 December 2017, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial information in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

3 Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations effective and adopted in 2018

The following new standard, amendment to existing standard or interpretation to published standard is mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2018 and has been adopted in the preparation of these Interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

Standard or interpretation	<u>Title</u>	periods beginning on or after
IFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2018
IFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	1 January 2018

The impact of the adoption of IFRS 9 and 15 and related new accounting policies are disclosed in Note 4 below. The other standards did not have any impact on the Group's accounting policies and did not require retrospective adjustments.

Standards, amendments and interpretations issued and effective in 2018 but not relevant

The following new amendments to existing standard and interpretation to published standard is mandatory for accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2018 or subsequent periods, but is not relevant to the Group's operations:

<u>Title</u>	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Investments in associates and joint ventures First-time adoption of international financial reporting	1 January 2018
standards	1 January 2018
Share-based payment	1 January 2018
Insurance contracts	1 January 2018
Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration	1 January 2018
	Investments in associates and joint ventures First-time adoption of international financial reporting standards Share-based payment Insurance contracts

Improvements to IFRS/IAS 2014/2016 and 2015/2017 cycles

Improvements to IFRS/IAS issued in 2014/2016 and 2015/2017 cycles contained numerous amendments to IFRS that the IASB considers non-urgent but necessary. 'Improvements to IFRS' comprise amendments that result in accounting changes to presentation, recognition or measurement purposes, as well as terminology or editorial amendments related to a variety of individual IFRS standards. The amendments are effective for the Group's annual audited consolidated financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and subsequent periods with earlier adoption permitted. No material changes to accounting policies are expected as a result of these amendments.

3 Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective in 2018

The following new/amended accounting standards and interpretations have been issued, but are not mandatory for financial period ended 31 March 2018. They have not been adopted in preparing the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2018 and will or may have an effect on the entity's future consolidated financial statements. In all cases, the entity intends to apply these standards from application date as indicated in the table below:

Standard or interpretation	<u>Title</u>	periods beginning on or after
IAS 12	Income taxes	1 January 2019
IAS 19	Employee benefits	1 January 2019
IAS 23	Borrowing costs	1 January 2019
IAS 40	Investment properties	1 July 2018
IFRS 3	Business combinations	1 January 2019
IFRS 11	Joint arrangements	1 January 2019
IFRS 16	Leases	1 January 2019
IFRS 17	Insurance contracts	1 January 2021
IFRIC 23	Uncertainty over income tax treatments	1 January 2019

There would have been no change in the operational results of the Group for the period ended 31 March 2018 had the Group early adopted any of the above standards applicable to the Group, except for IFRS 16, the impact of which is being assessed by the Group.

Early adoption of amendments or standards in 2018

The Group did not early-adopt any new or amended standards in 2018.

4 Accounting policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those used in the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group prepared as at, and for the year ended 31 December 2017, as described in those annual audited consolidated financial statements except for those changed due to adoption of IFRS 9 and 15.

IFRS 9 - "Financial Instruments"

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, derecognition of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

The adoption of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments from 1 January 2018 has resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The new accounting policies are set out below. Further, in accordance with the exemptions available as per the transitional provisions in IFRS 9 in respect of retrospective application, the comparative figures have not been restated with the impact being recorded in the current period's opening retained earnings.

4 Accounting policies (continued)

Investments and other financial assets - classification and measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- 1. Fair value through profit or loss, and
- 2. Amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. For assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, gains and losses will be recorded in profit or loss. For investments in equity instruments that are not held-for-trading, fair value gains and losses recognition will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments under amortised cost representing financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses), together with foreign exchange gains and losses. If there are any impairment losses, those are presented in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or losses, as applicable.

From 1 January 2018, the Group assesses on a forward looking basis, the expected credit losses associated with its trade receivables and debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. The Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Investments and other financial assets - impact of adoption

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Equity securities are measured at fair value and all changes in fair value are recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss under IFRS 9. There was no impact on the amounts recognized in relation to these assets from the adoption of IFRS 9 as previously these were also classified at fair value through profit or loss as allowed under IAS 39.

4 Accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 15 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11 Construction Contracts, IAS 18 Revenue and related Interpretations and it applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless those contracts are in the scope of other standards. The new standard establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

The standard requires entities to exercise judgment, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract.

Performance obligations and timing of revenue recognition

The majority of the Group's revenue is derived from selling goods with revenue recognised at a point in time when the control of goods has transferred to the customer. This is generally when the goods are delivered to the customer. There is limited judgment needed in identifying the point control passes: once physical delivery of the products to the agreed location has occurred, the Group no longer has physical possession, usually will have a present right to payment (as a single payment on delivery) and retains none of the significant risks and rewards of the goods in question.

The Group's contracts with customers for the sale of goods generally include one performance obligation. The Group has concluded that revenue from sale of goods should be recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods. Therefore, the adoption of IFRS 15 did not have an impact on the timing of revenue recognition.

Determining the transaction price

Most of the Group's revenue is derived from fixed price contracts and therefore the amount of revenue to be earned from each contract is determined by reference to those fixed prices.

Allocating amounts to performance obligations

For most of the contracts, there is a fixed unit price for each product sold, with reductions given for bulk orders placed at a specific time. Therefore, there is no judgment involved in allocating the contract price to each unit ordered in such contracts (it is the total contract price divided by the number of units ordered). Where customer orders more than one product line, the Group is able to determine the split of the total contract price between each product line by reference to each product's standalone selling prices (all product lines are capable of being, and are, sold separately).

5 Property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment during the three month period ended 31 March 2018 amounted to BD12,619 (31 March 2017: BD3,409). There were no disposals of property, plant and equipment during the three-month period ended 31 March 2018 (31 March 2017: BDNil).

The depreciation charged for the three months ended 31 March 2018 amounted to BD695,859 (31 March 2017; BD537,488).

The Group operates from premises rented at a monthly rent of BD1,631 (2017; BD1,631 per month).

The property, plant and equipment are subject to term loans (Note 13).

6 Investment in an associate

	31 March 2018	31 December 2017
Opening balance Transferred from available-for-sale investments (Note 7) Dividends received during the year (Note 15) Share of profit for the year	886,548 - - <u>26,363</u>	861,337 (80,580) 105,791
Closing balance	<u>912,911</u>	<u>886,548</u>

The Group's share in the net assets and results of operations of the associate has been extracted from unaudited management accounts prepared as at, and for the three months ended, 31 March 2018 and year ended 31 December 2017.

During 2017, the Group has gained significant influence over the associate due to change in the composition of the associate's key management personnel. Accordingly, this investment has been re-classified as investment in an associate.

7 Available-for-sale investments

	31 March 2018	31 December 2017
Opening balance Transferred during the year (Note 6)	94 56	861,337 (861,337)
Closing balance		<u>-</u>

During 2017, the Group has gained significant influence over the associate due to change in the composition of the associate's key management personnel. Accordingly, this investment has been re-classified as investment in an associate.

8	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
		31 March 2018	31 December 2017
	Opening and closing balance	<u>256,000</u>	<u>256,000</u>
9	Inventories		
		31 March 	31 December 2017
	Raw materials Finished goods and work-in-process Consumable spares	4,089,143 9,950,048	6,385,219 8,670,317 <u>2,302,397</u>
		14,039,191	<u>17,357,933</u>
10	Cash and bank balances		
		31 March 2018	31 December <u>2017</u>
	Balances in call and current accounts with banks Cash on hand	11,933,352 <u>4,703</u>	8,162,592 4,632
		11,938,055	<u>8,167,224</u>
11	Share capital		
		31 March 2018	31 December 2017
	Authorised 400,000,000 (2017: 400,000,000) shares of 100 fils each	40,000,000	40,000,000
	Issued and fully paid-up 200,000,000 (2017: 200,000,000) shares of 100 fils each	20,000,000	20,000,000
12	Non-controlling interest		
		31 March 2018	31 December 2017
	Opening balance	7,443,888	7,493,487
	Share of non-controlling interest in the total comprehensive income/(loss) of the subsidiary	204,900	(49,599)
	Closing balance	<u>7,648,788</u>	<u>7,443,888</u>

13 Term loans

31 March 31 December 2018 2017

Saudi Industrial Development Fund

In 1996, SABAYEK, a subsidiary of the Company, obtained a long-term loan from SIDF amounting to SAR323 million by pledging the property, plant and equipment of the subsidiary and the guarantee of the subsidiary's major shareholders against the loan. The total withdrawal against this loan amounted to SAR319 million.

The loan agreement initially stated that the loan should be repaid in 16 instalments starting from 28 July 1999 and on ending 8 October 2006.

Subsequently, the subsidiary negotiated with SIDF for the extension of the repayment schedule of the loan to a later period. SIDF accepted the subsidiary's proposal and extended the loan repayment period to 35 years beginning from 17 April 2008, with half yearly intervals, vide their letter dated 7/11/1427 Hijri (Arabic date).

21,624,100 21,624,100

Saudi Electric Company

Less: current portion of term loans

Non-current portion of term loans

Payable to SEC includes payable by SABAYEK towards substation amounting to SAR23 million and payables towards electricity charges amounting to SAR8 million. Due to cash shortage, the subsidiary could not pay the dues towards the usage of electricity chages to SEC on time. The management renegotiated with SEC for instalment payments against energy bills to which SEC agreed. At the end of 2016, SABAYEK agreed to make instalment payments for its 2015 and 2016 liabilities where SABAYEK is required to pay SAR 1 million each month 'till October 2017, SAR1.5 million from November 2017 to October 2018, SAR2 million from November 2018 to March 2021 including the final instalment of SAR1.1 million In accordance with the repayment schedule.

9,566,572	9,832,088
31,190,672	31,456,188
(2,814,984)	(2,929,000)
<u>28,375,688</u>	28,527,188

That portion of the loans which is repayable within one year from the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position date is disclosed as current portion of long-term loans.

In the Group management's opinion, the fair values of the long-term loans are not significantly different from their carrying values as at 31 March 2018 and 31 December 2017.

14	Trade and other payables		
		31 March 2018	31 December 2017
	Trade payables Accruals and other payables	1,963,244 <u>4,040,707</u>	1,275,142 <u>3,358,170</u>
		<u>6,003,951</u>	<u>4,633,312</u>
15	Other income		
		Three months Ended 31 March 2018	Three months ended 31 March 2017
	Bank interest income Dividend income from the associate (Note 6) Miscellaneous income	30,816 <u>9,090</u>	80,580 9,067
		<u>39,906</u>	<u>89,647</u>

16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, excluding the average number of ordinary shares purchased by the Company and held as treasury shares.

	Three months ended 31 March 2018	Three months ended 31 March 2017
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company	<u>649,436</u>	396,231
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period	200,000,000	200,000,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share	3.25 fils	1.98 fils

17 Related party transactions and balances

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include the shareholders, key management personnel and their close family members and such other companies over which the Group or its shareholders, key management personnel and their close family members can exercise significant influence or can be significantly influenced by those parties. The Group's transactions with related parties are authorised by the management. Further, there are no loans due from any of the Directors of the Group.

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the Group comprise the Board of Directors and key members of management having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group including the Chief Executive Officer of the Group.

	Three months	Three months
	ended	ended
	31 March	31 March
	2018	2017
Remuneration to key management personnel	<u>6,900</u>	<u>6,900</u>

18 Segmental information

The Group's primary segment reporting format is business segment. A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments.

The Group's primary business segments are:

- smelting;
- investment income-foreign; and
- investment income-domestic.

As at and for the three month period ended 31 March 2018

		Investment income -		
	Smelting	foreign	<u>Others</u>	Total
Sales - Third party transactions Operating costs	13,733,026 (12,081,981)	<u>.</u>	1157	13,733,026 (12,081,981)
Operating profit	1,651,045	*	(*)	1,651,045
Other income Other expenses Share of profit in an associate	9,090 (817,617)	<u>26,363</u>	30,816 (45,361)	39,906 (862,978) <u>26,363</u>
Net profit for the period	<u>842,518</u>	<u>26,363</u>	<u>(14,545</u>)	<u>854,336</u>
Assets and liabilities				
Total segment assets	68,232,714	<u> </u>	<u>7,956,739</u>	<u>76,189,453</u>
Total segment liabilities	36,776,169	-	<u>962,947</u>	<u>37,739,116</u>

18 Segmental information (continued)

For the three months period ended 31 March 2017 and as at 31 December 2017

	Smelting	Investment income - foreign	Others	Total
Sales - Third party transactions Operating costs	11,210,115 (9,709,590)			11,210,115 (9,709,590)
Operating profit	1,500,525	Œ		1,500,525
Other income Other expenses	9,067 (378,752)	80,580	<u>(540,169</u>)	89,647 (918,921)
Net profit for the period	1,130,840	<u>80,580</u>	<u>(540,169</u>)	<u>671,251</u>
Assets and liabilities				
Total segment assets	66,236,383		7,993,786	74,230,169
Total segment liabilities	<u>35,622,356</u>		<u>1,011,812</u>	<u>36,634,168</u>

The Group's secondary reporting format is geographic segment which is based on the geographical location of the Group's operations. The Group mainly operates in:

- Kingdom of Bahrain; and
- Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

	Segment assets		Segment liabilities	
	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 December 2 017	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 December 2017
Kingdom of Bahrain Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	7,956,739 <u>68,232,714</u>	7,993,786 66,236,383	962,947 36,776,169	1,011,812 <u>35,622,356</u>
	<u>76,189,453</u>	74,230,169	37,739,116	<u>36,634,168</u>

19 Dividends

The Board of Directors do not propose to pay any dividends during the period ended 31 March 2018 (31 December 2017: BDNil).

20 Interim results

The interim condensed consolidated net profit and other comprehensive income for the three months ended 31 March 2018 may not be represent a proportionate share of the annual consolidated net profit and other comprehensive income due to the variability in timing of the receipt of investment income.

21 Notes supporting statement of cash flows

IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" requires additional disclosures about changes in an entity's financing liabilities arising from both cash flow and non-cash flow items.

	1 January 2018	Obtained during the year	Finance cost <u>accrued</u>	Principal repaid during the year	Finance costs Paid	31 March 2018
Term loan	<u>31,456,188</u>	<u>2,513,688</u>	108,824	(2,779,204)	<u>(108,824</u>)	<u>31,190,672</u>

22 Events after the reporting period

There were no events occurring subsequent to 31 March 2018 and before the date of the report that are expected to have a significant impact on these interim condensed consolidated financial information.